

# Cost Estimate of S. 2673, the "Supporting Eating Disorders Recovery Through Vital Expansion Act" or the "SERVE Act"

(As introduced in the Senate on October 23, 2019)

Budget Functions: 050, 550, and Other

Preliminary Estimate - Subject to Change  
04/24/2020

(Millions of dollars, by fiscal year)

	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2021- 2025	2021- 2030
<b>INCREASES IN DISCRETIONARY SPENDING</b>												
Estimated Authorization Level	4	7	8	8	8	9	9	9	10	10	35	82
Estimated Outlays	3	7	8	8	8	9	9	9	10	10	34	81
<b>INCREASES IN DIRECT SPENDING</b>												
Estimated Budget Authority	1	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	13	31
Estimated Outlays	1	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	13	31

Source: Congressional Budget Office

Notes: Assumes enactment near the start of fiscal year 2021.

This bill would extend residential treatment of eating disorders to all TRICARE beneficiaries. Currently, this benefit is only available to beneficiaries under the age of 21.

This proposal would increase direct spending because health expenses for Medicare-Eligible beneficiaries of the military health system are paid from the DoD Medicare-Eligible Retiree Health Care Fund, a mandatory account. Also, the health expenses for certain beneficiaries of the Coast Guard, Public Health Service, and National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration are paid for with mandatory appropriations.

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